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On-the-Go Mapping of Soil pH Using Antimony Electrodes

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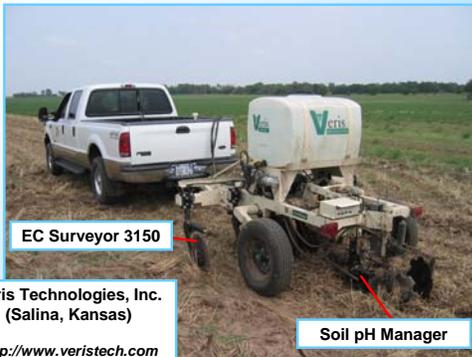


Rational

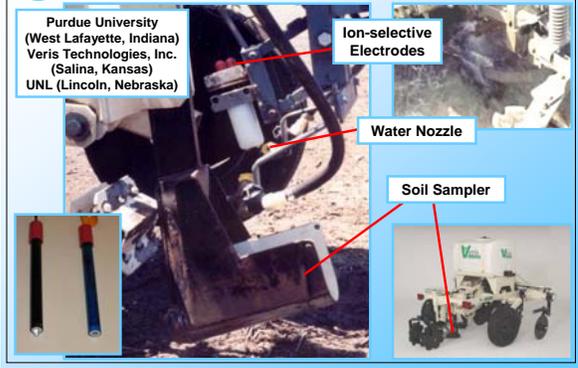
- Current on-the-go soil pH mapping method involves flat-surface or dome-type glass ion-selective electrodes
- Abrasive wear and hard impact in sandy and stony soils have limited useful life of the electrodes
- Antimony electrodes have been used in medicine and other industries to measure pH and could serve as an alternative to a glass electrode when it comes to soil



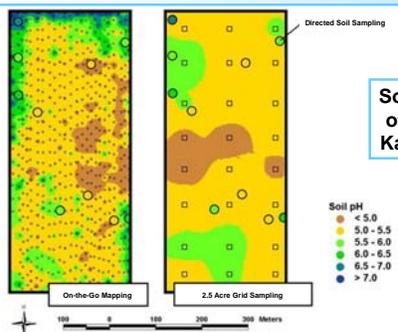
Mobil Sensor Platform (MSP)



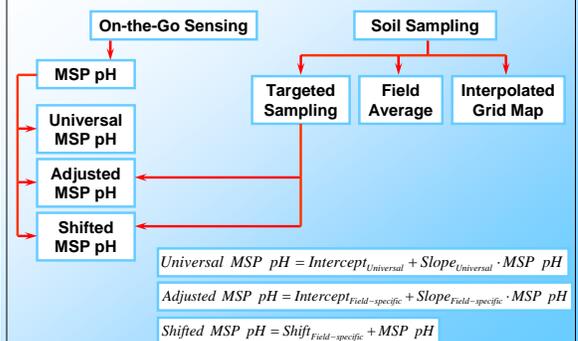
Direct Soil Measurement

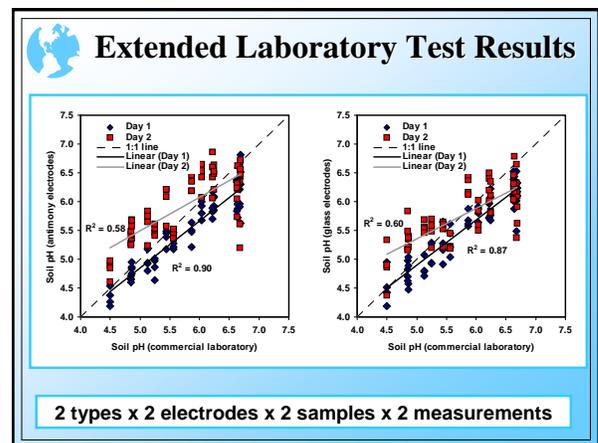
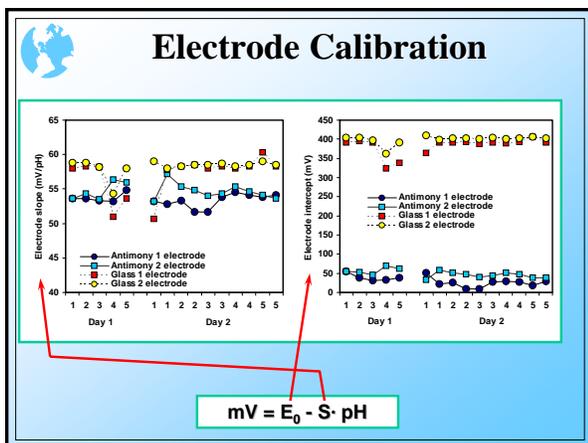
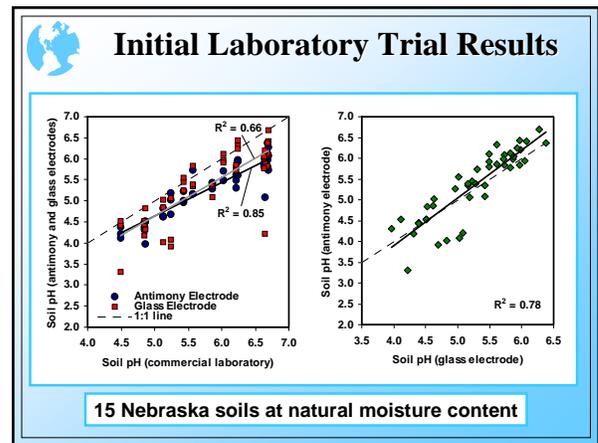
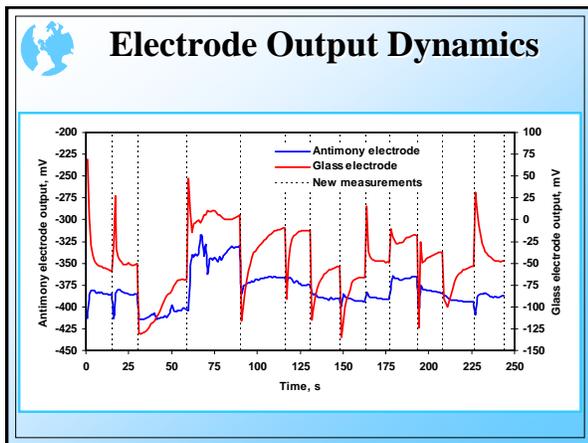
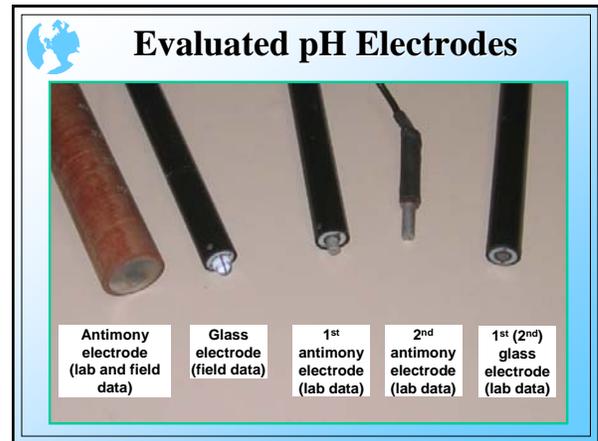
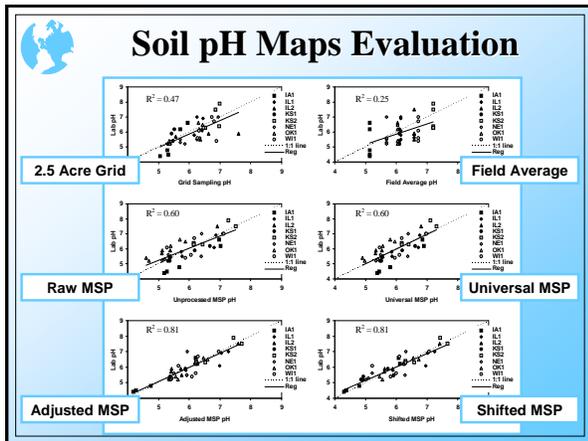


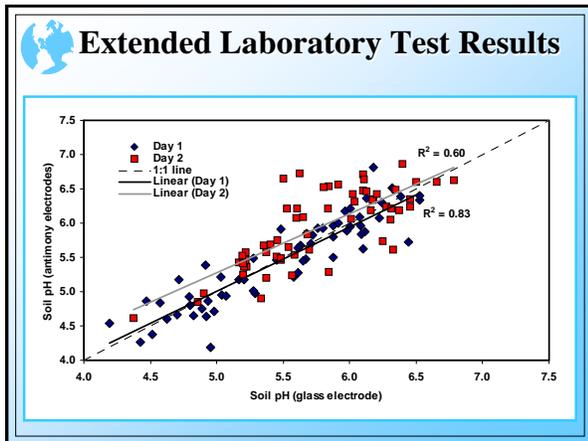
Example Soil pH Maps



Mapping Alternatives

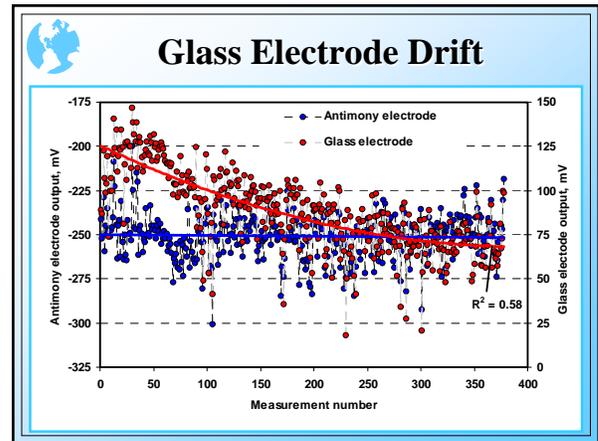
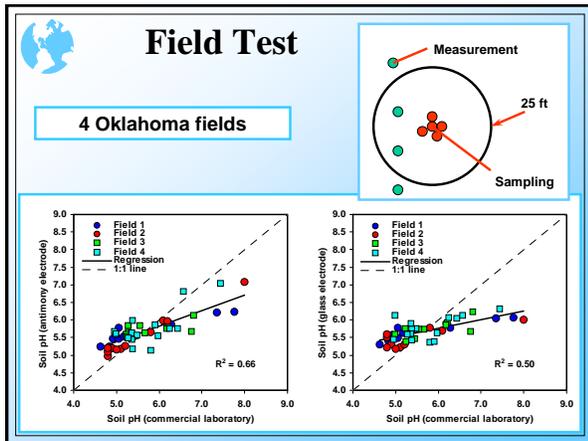






Laboratory Test Results

Pooled by	Antimony electrodes			Glass electrodes		
	1 st	2 nd	Average	1 st	2 nd	Average
RMSE (repeatability)						
soil set and day	0.29	0.29	0.25	0.24	0.31	0.25
day only	0.26	0.29	0.23	0.30	0.28	0.25
entire test	0.37	0.41	0.36	0.34	0.35	0.31
R² (correlation with commercial laboratory tests)						
soil set and day	0.68	0.65	0.68	0.71	0.76	0.77
day only	0.70	0.68	0.70	0.81	0.79	0.81
entire test	0.87	0.89	0.89	0.92	0.94	0.94



- ### Summary
- Antimony electrodes resist direct soil measurement abuse
 - Performance (precision and accuracy) of an antimony electrode is not significantly different from a glass electrode
 - Typically observed drift of glass ion-selective electrodes was not detected in field data obtained using an antimony electrode
 - Standard error of soil pH measured on-the-go was found to be around 0.25 pH
 - Field-specific adjustment of on-the-go measurements may be required

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